

# The Chesterfield Advertiser

NO. 24.

CHESTERFIELD, S. C., SEPTEMBER 2, 1915

\$1.00 A YEAR IN ADVANCE

## WISHES SATISFY U. S.

AS ATTACKED WITH  
NING WILL MAKE  
PARATION.

## FOR THE FUTURE

Give Assurance That Such  
Will Not Be Repeated.  
Lusitania Case.

London.—Germany's intention  
for the sinking of the liner  
with a loss of two American  
was communicated formally to  
the department by Count von  
Bertin, German ambassador here,  
in instructions from the Berlin foreign

ambassador read to Secretary  
of State a memorandum outlining the  
policy of his government. It is  
stated that if it was found that  
the Arabie was attacked without  
warning, the imperial government  
would promptly disavow the  
act and would give the United States  
full satisfaction. This, it is well  
known, would have to include repara-  
tion for the Americans lost and as-  
urances that such tragedies would  
not be repeated.

Further developments in the sit-  
uation are expected now until the  
maritime commander who sank the  
Arabie has reported to Berlin. Mean-  
while, President Wilson and Secretary  
of State, though visibly encouraged  
by the assurances, still believe  
that the Arabie was attacked without  
warning. It also became known that  
the state department has been informed  
that Germany is ready to renew dis-  
cussion of the Lusitania incident and  
to offer reparation for the American  
lives lost when that vessel was sent  
to the bottom without warning by a  
German submarine. There has been  
no response to the last American  
note on this subject and it is known  
that the United States would not listen  
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## GERMANS TAKE BIG FORT

MUSCOVITES RETIRE WITHOUT  
ANY EFFORT TO DEFEND  
BREST-LITOVSK.

Germans Are Now in Possession of  
the Whole Line of Railway from  
Gelm to Bialystok.

London.—Brest-Litovsk, the main  
Russian fortress and concentration  
center for the Bug River line of de-  
fenses is now occupied by the Austro-  
Germans. While the Russians offered  
stout resistance during the invaders'  
approach, it is apparent no attempt  
was made to defend Brest-Litovsk it-  
self. It was evacuated as was Osow-  
wetz, in conformity with the Russian  
intention to take up new positions  
farther east.

The Germans now are in possession  
of the whole line of railway from  
Gelm to Bialystok. The Russians  
having already evacuated the latter  
and the lesser fortresses of Grodno  
and Olita now are the only strongly  
defended positions remaining in the  
hands of the Russians. Both these  
are being approached by the Germans.  
They probably will be given up when  
they have fulfilled their purpose of  
hitting the Russian retreat.

The Russians have not yet entered  
the vast Bielowiez forest, which ex-  
tends 30 miles north and south and  
has a width of from 17 to 30 miles.  
The forest is a famous hunting cen-  
ter and a bison preserve. South of it  
is the Priepet marshes, which protect  
the Russian left and with plenty of  
canals and three or four railroad lines,  
is expected here Grand Duke Nicho-  
lai will make good his retirement of  
Grodno and Vilna can hold out long  
enough. Even if they should fall,  
military observers say the Grand Duke  
could be well on his way to his new  
positions before the Germans could  
reach his flank.

## Local Cotton Market

Twelve bales were sold here  
today. Highest price paid  
per pound.

Does your watch or clock need  
repair? If it does carry it to  
us—he'll repair it at a  
cost and guarantee the  
work for twelve months and put  
factory material into

## CONCESSIONS TO AMERICAN BUYERS

ENGLISH WILL LET CONTRACTED  
FOR GERMAN GOODS THROUGH  
BLOCKADE.

## THE DYESTUFF SITUATION

England Places Responsibility For  
Holding Up of All Dyestuff Ship-  
ments on Germany.

Washington.—Concessions in the  
enforcement against American com-  
merce of the British order-in-council  
were announced as a result of infor-  
mal negotiations just completed by  
the foreign trade advisers of the state  
department.

The British Ambassador, Sir Cecil  
Spring-Rice, assured the trade advis-  
ers that their informal representa-  
tions in cases where the British or-  
ders have caused "undue hardships"  
to American commerce will receive  
special consideration.

The British concessions are espe-  
cially intended to meet complaints of  
American importers that their Christ-  
mas trade is threatened by failure  
to obtain goods made in Germany  
and Austria. Generally speaking, it  
is Great Britain's intention to permit  
passage through the blockade lines  
of goods for which the American im-  
porters have entered into contract  
with German and Austrian firms.  
Heretofore it has been required that  
the money shall have actually been  
paid for the goods.

Goods valued at many millions of  
dollars have accumulated at Rotter-  
dam and await transportation to the  
United States. The order applies to  
these, but whether it will extend to  
goods yet in German factories, but  
under contract for delivery on this  
side of the Atlantic, is yet undeter-  
mined.

The entire responsibility for the  
holding up of dyestuffs of German  
manufacture intended for America is  
placed by British authorities on the  
German government. To sit itself  
straight in this matter the British  
Embassy issued the following state-  
ment:

"On April 14, a formal notice was  
issued by the British government  
that they would allow vessels carry-  
ing two shipments of dyestuffs, which  
were paid for by delivery in Germany  
of certain cotton cargoes, to pass  
without interference, provided the  
vessels sailed under a neutral flag;  
that the shipments were made from  
Rotterdam; and the dyestuffs con-  
signed to the Secretary of Commerce  
for distribution directly to the tex-  
tile industries.

"This offer, which was refused by  
Germany, still holds good."

## GOVERNORS END MEETING.

Will Meet Next Year in Salt Lake  
City.—Naval Resources Discussed.

Boston.—After discussion of the  
naval and military resources of the  
country in which it was generally  
agreed that the United States was not  
adequately prepared against foreign  
invasion, the Conference of Govern-  
ors ended its annual sessions. No resolu-  
tions on the subject were proposed,  
but several of the executives said  
they felt certain all the governors  
would return to their states with the  
intention of demanding from their  
congressmen support in any program  
for strengthening the forces of de-  
fense.

The governors chose Salt Lake  
City as the place for next year's meet-  
ing and elected Governor Sprye of  
Utah, chairman of the executive com-  
mittee. Other committee members  
elected were Governor Stuart of Vir-  
ginia and Governor Capper of Kan-  
sas.

The conference program, which  
had included a review of the Atlantic  
fleet and a parade of 7,000 members  
of the Massachusetts militia, has  
aroused great interest in discussion.  
As a result the sessions were removed  
from the senate chamber to the  
more spacious hall of the house of  
representatives.

## NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to all  
concerned that Ernest M. Melton  
is not connected with The Ches-  
terfield County Fair in any  
capacity whatsoever.

The contract for the publica-  
tion of the Premium List for the  
County Fair for 1915 has been  
awarded to the Chesterfield  
Advertiser.

C. L. Hunley, Secretary,  
Chesterfield County Fair Ass'n

## FOR SALE.

I have for sale a drag saw out-  
fit and saw mill outfit, a boiler,  
engine and star grist mill; a  
pair of large mules and a wagon.

For further information write to  
JOHN D. BURR,  
Chesterfield, S. C., Route  
No. 2, Box 87.

## On Cotton Time Loans

A correspondent asks why it is  
that Secretary McAdoo will ad-  
vance money without interest to  
national banks to lend at 6 per  
cent. on cotton to farmers. He  
would like this money to be  
loaned at 4 per cent.

The reason is simple. The na-  
tional banks are in a system  
closely co-ordinated with the  
government. The money is put  
out to do what could not other-  
wise be done without straining  
the credit machinery of the local  
banks. The farmer cannot get  
money ordinarily at six dollars  
a hundred because his credit is  
not good to that extent. The  
bank has, moreover, greater sta-  
bility than the individual, and  
hence should naturally get money  
cheaper. The risk, too, is small-  
er in lending to banks; for they  
are stable co-operative enter-  
prises.

Let the farmers form sound  
credit associations and they can  
get loans to better advantage.  
The 6 per cent. rate is 2 per cent.  
less than is usual in South Car-  
olina. The plan therefore will  
save the farmer 2 per cent. The  
credit of a national bank in the  
reserve system is better almost  
by 6 per cent. than that of the  
farmer with cotton as security.

With cash money in New York  
around 1 1/2 and 2 per cent., the  
banks find little trouble in get-  
ting money to put out at 8 per  
cent. Yet the larger central  
banks upon whom the burden  
must fall may not want govern-  
ment money to advance on cot-  
ton if it brings with it the neces-  
sity of paying the usual rates of  
interest on the deposit. They  
might not care to risk long term  
loans on volatile security.

We should like to see farmers  
get loans at a low rate of inter-  
est. Too low a rate would en-  
courage speculation and over-  
production. A saving of 2 per  
cent. will help; and it may be  
that the rate fixed is reasonable  
when all the factors are taken  
into consideration.—The State.

## Cotton From Wilmington

Cotton interests of Wilming-  
ton are proceeding with prepara-  
tions for handling the business  
of the incoming crop just the  
same as if a war was not in pro-  
gress. The first steamship for  
foreign export is expected in  
September, and apparently busi-  
ness will go along in spite of the  
contraband order, as it has been  
going on at that part every cot-  
ton season. The Dispatch says  
the Cooper compress has been in  
operation at intervals all Sum-  
mer and considerable cotton has  
been shipped every week for  
Liverpool by way of Baltimore  
and New York. The blow of the  
compress will be heard in a short  
time all over the South and it  
will have a little bit more cheer-  
ful tone than characterized it at  
this time last year.

## Cotton For Twine

Postmaster Gen. Burleson is  
anxious that manufacturers of  
cotton twine avail themselves  
of the opportunity offered  
by his action in advertising for  
proposals to furnish either cotton  
or jute twine for use in tying  
together letters and packages  
during the year beginning Novem-  
ber 1, next. Nearly a billion  
and a half yards of twine will be  
consumed by the postoffice de-  
partment during the 12 months'  
contract period. It is used in  
large quantities.

Last summer the Beaumont  
Manufacturing company of Spar-  
tanburg obtained the contract on  
terms involving a saving for the  
postoffice department of a billion  
for jute of \$83,000 for the  
year. The South Carolina  
company has fulfilled its con-  
tract to date and the cotton  
twine has proved  
satisfactory to

## A Case For Wise Action

Three cases came before Mag-  
istrate Watson Tuesday that em-  
phasize very strongly the need  
of a better method of handling  
juvenile delinquents.

The defendants were Miss  
Sykes, 18; Fred Rushing, 16, and  
William Maree, 16. These three  
were arrested on the technical  
charge of stealing roasting-ears.  
The real charges against them,  
it is said, were of vagrancy and  
being a nuisance.

Fred Rushing is the son of  
Charley Rushing, who, some  
years ago killed his wife near  
Mt. Croghan and was electrocut-  
ed. The young woman has been  
before the authorities on another  
occasion and released on her  
promise of good behavior. Will  
Maree, 16, is obviously only be-  
ginning his downward career.

All three pleaded guilty, the  
boys being sent to the chaingang  
and the girl to the county jail.

An act was passed by the leg-  
islature two years ago making  
the probate judge the probatory  
officer of the county, hence  
the judge in all cases of youth-  
ful delinquency.

When the sentence of the  
magistrate's court was being put  
into effect Mr. C. L. Hunley vol-  
unteered to represent them and  
drew up papers asking for a new  
trial in order that they may be  
brought before the probatory  
officer, who has the power to  
send them to reformatory insti-  
tutions or to bind them out, the  
latter archaic method being  
largely superseded nowadays by  
the former.

The contention of the attor-  
ney for the defendants is that to  
place this young woman in jail  
cannot benefit her or the com-  
munity. He will endeavor to  
have her sent to the Door of  
Hope for Girls in Columbia.

He contends further that to  
send these boys, one only 13  
years old, to the chaingang will  
only serve to drive them further  
on the way they are going.

It is possible to send them to  
the State Industrial School for  
Boys, where a trade is taught  
and good citizenship inculcated.

The Rev. Mr. Tyler has also  
interested himself in behalf of  
these unfortunates. These gen-  
tlemen deserve the approbation  
of all right-minded citizens in  
their efforts to gain for these  
neglected children a chance to  
get out of their environment and  
develop into good citizens.

## George McKinnon In County Jail

George McKinnon, colored, is  
in the county jail with his skin  
shot full of holes.

George's troubles started when  
he was arrested for murder and  
found guilty and sentenced to  
seven years on the chaingang. It  
seems that the prisoner misinter-  
preted the words of the court, for  
he left the gang at the end of  
seven months. He was captured  
two weeks ago by Sheriff Blue,  
of Moore County, N. C., and was  
so sick when the Sheriff got  
through arresting him that he  
had to stay in the hospital a  
week before he could be brought  
to Chesterfield.

When he saw the Sheriff,  
George put his faith in foot work  
and started to run, but the Sher-  
iff was wise. He popped George  
right on the heel. And George  
stopped but wasn't dead. On  
the contrary he seemed full of  
fright, so the Sheriff distributed  
the perforations in other parts  
of his anatomy. His arm, his  
thigh and side were the next  
points of attack selected by the  
sheriff in rapid succession.  
Dr. ...

## South Carolina Happenings

More than 1,000 Georgians spent  
Sunday at the Isle of Palms.

Lexington county's cotton crop has  
suffered severely on account of un-  
favorable weather.

Business men of Alcolu will soon  
erect a cotton warehouse with a ca-  
pacity of 2,000 bales.

Citizens of Varnville held a good  
roads rally a few days ago. Good re-  
sults are expected soon.

J. B. Berry of Latta has been ap-  
pointed by Gov. Manning as a game  
warden for Dillon county.

The new home, with its entire fur-  
nishings, of Grady Younce of Johnstons  
was destroyed by fire a few days ago.

Gov. Manning has issued requisition  
papers on the governor of Tennessee  
for the return of Reuben Reese, who  
is wanted in Greenville on the charge  
of larceny of live stock.

Representative R. S. Whaley of the  
First South Carolina district, who has  
been in Washington for some time on  
departmental business has returned  
to his home at Charleston.

J. Madison Odum of Govan, died  
from the effect of a wound inflicted by  
the kick of a horse. He was chastis-  
ing the animal with a whip when it  
kicked him in the region of the  
stomach.

The scholarship committee of the  
board of visitors of the Citadel met in  
the office of the state superintendent  
of education to select the winners of  
the appointments in the various coun-  
ties.

Stakes have been driven prepara-  
tory to beginning actual construction  
work on Spartanburg's \$100,000 re-  
modeled passenger station. Willard-  
Boggs Construction company of Spar-  
tanburg have been awarded the con-  
tract.

That the Mutual Compress and  
Warehouse company has been organ-  
ized to rectify the tardy delivery of  
cotton to Charleston by railroads, is  
the statement authorized by C. F. Mid-  
dleton, who heads the newly commis-  
sioned \$100,000 project.

For the purpose of giving added im-  
petus to the live stock industry in  
Laurens, the bankers of Laurens held  
a meeting and unanimously agreed to  
give such support, financially and  
otherwise, as is consistent with good  
business ability to aid.

Col. D. H. Wise and Maj. E. M.  
Gilmore delegated by the comptroller  
general to check up statements of the  
auditor and treasurer for Jasper coun-  
ty for the past fiscal year, have in-  
spected the balance sheet and report  
same to be correct and satisfactory.

Miss Hattie Emma Sammonds was  
instantly killed when the automobile  
in which she and two of her brothers  
were riding turned over in a ditch  
on the Sandy Flat road some six or  
seven miles from Greenville. The  
young people had started to Mountain  
Creek church.

Many applications for appointment  
as state whiskey gauger to take the  
place of the late L. M. Fouché, who  
died several days ago, have been re-  
ceived at the governor's office. The  
appointment will be made by the gov-  
ernor upon his return to Columbia  
about September 1.

Miss Sara M. F. Babb, a registered  
nurse of the American Red Cross  
town and county nursing service, will  
speak before the joint meeting of the  
South Carolina Conference for the  
Common Good and the South Carolina  
Conference on Charities and Correc-  
tions in Columbia on the night of Sep-  
tember 8 on "Public Service Activi-  
ties in Greenville."

## MARKET REPORT.

Prices paid for cotton, cotton seed,  
corn, wheat, oats, peas, etc., on the  
different markets in South Carolina  
during the past week:

Clinton—Cotton, 1 1/2 bu; wheat, \$1.25 bu; oats, 65c bu; rye, 1.40 bu; peas, \$2 bu; fryers, 19c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 25c doz.	Edgewood—Cotton, 8c; corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.25 bu; oats, 65c bu; rye, \$1.50 bu; fryers, 12c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.	Abbeville—Cotton, 8 1/2c; fryers, 12c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 15c doz.	Albion—Cotton, 8c; corn, \$1 bu; oats, 65c bu; rye, \$2 bu; fryers, 15c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.	Belton—Cotton, 8 1/2c; corn, \$1 bu; wheat \$1.15 bu; oats, 65c bu; rye, \$1.25 bu; peas, \$1.25 bu; fryers, 15c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 15c doz.	Charleston—Cotton, 8 1/2c; fryers, 12c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 17c doz.	Cheraw—Corn, \$1.10 bu; oats, 65c bu; fryers, 12c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.	Chesterfield—Cotton, 8 1/2c; corn, \$1 bu; oats, 65c bu; fryers, 15c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 15c doz.	Chilmark—Cotton, 8 1/2c; fryers, 15c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 20c doz.	Dillon—Fryers, 20c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 15c doz.	Laurens—Fryers, 12c lb; butter, 20c lb; eggs, 20c doz.	Midland—Cotton, 8c; corn, \$1.10 bu; wheat, \$1.20 bu; peas, 1.60 bu; fryers, 15c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 14c doz.	St. George—Fryers, 15c lb; butter, 55c lb; eggs, 15c doz.	Walterboro—Cotton, 8c; fryers, 12c; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 15c doz.	Spartanburg—Cotton, 8c; corn, \$1.05 bu; wheat, \$1.10 bu; peas, 1.50 bu; rye, 1.25 bu; peas, \$1.25 bu; fryers, 15c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 15c doz.	Lancaster—Cotton, 8c; corn, \$1.10 bu; oats, 75c bu; fryers, 15c lb; butter, 25c lb; eggs, 15c doz.
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## Shoes! Shoes!

Ladies' Fine Dress Shoes at \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50 the pair.  
Ladies' Vici and G. M. Button and Lace Shoes at \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00.  
Misses' Low Heel, G. M. Button and Lace Shoes at \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00  
Infants' Shoes at 25 cts., 5cts. and 75 cts. the pair.  
Men's Patent Button Shoes at \$3.50 the pair.  
Men's Tan Button and G. M. Button at \$3.00 the pair.  
Ralston Shoes in all leathers at \$4.00 and \$4.50 the pair.  
Men's G. M. Lace Shoes at \$2.00 the pair.  
Men's Work Shoes at \$1.50 the pair.

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## Clothing

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### Men's Dress Pants at \$1.50 and 2.00

Dutchess Pants 10 cents a Button \$1.00 a Rip.

Just received a shipment of Strauss Clothing in all the new colors and models—guaranteed to be all wool—at \$10 and \$12 50 the Suit.

Kirschbaum Suits at \$15, \$16.50 and \$20 the suit.  
Boys' Suits from 3 to 18 years at \$1.50 and up.  
Boys' Pants at 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00 the pair.  
Men's Hats from \$1.00 to 5.00.  
Shirts, 5c, 1.00 and 1.50.  
Caps, 25 and 50 cents.  
Overalls, 50c, 75c and 1.00 the pair.

We are headquarters for new goods. Call on us when in town.

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## Teal-Jones Co.

## Gleaned From Our Exchanges

Spartanburg has ware house facilities for about one third of the county's cotton crop.

Farmers and business men of Alcolu propose to erect a State warehouse which will have a capacity of about 2,000 bales.

A chicken snake that by some means got into the dining room of the farm house of David Fordham, two miles from Kingston, put its head into a rat trap. The trap was sprung and the snake, a three-foot specimen, choked to death.

The several committees of the National Association for the study of Pellegra have definitely decided that the third triennial meeting of the organization will be held in Columbia on October 21 and 22, this year. Notable experts on pellegra will be in attendance and papers from foreign scientists of international renown have been promised.

Columbia boosters, two hundred strong, went recently to Lancaster, being met at the river by 25 cars from that city where they were received by practically the entire populace.

A watermelon feast was enjoyed by about 2,000 served on Main street. James A. Hoyt, speaker of the House of Representatives, first extolled the advantages of Columbia and invited everyone to come and take part in the harvest jubilee.

Commissioner Watson stressed the good roads of Lancaster and likewise invited everyone to the great central market, Columbia the capital city.

The First National Bank of Gaffney has given an order for four Hereford bulls, which will be placed in different sections of the county for the benefit of the farmers who desire to raise beef cattle.

All of the banks of Gaffney of joined in a campaign to encourage Cherokee county farmers to raise pure bred cattle and are encouraging the movement in every way possible. Bank officials report that this matter is creating great interest apparently, inquiries of various kinds being received constantly. Cherokee expects to produce at least as much meat as her people consume, if not more.

Gov. Manning returned to Columbia this week from Boston, where he attended the conference of governors, 29 States being represented by their chief executives. Gov. Manning said that many Republicans of the North endorse heartily the course of the president in handling the German situation. Gov. Manning presided at the Friday session of the governors' conference when the preparedness of the United States was discussed. He said that the sentiment of practically every governor attending the conference was for a larger army and navy.

### How The Doctor Saved Him

A story is told of an Englishman who had occasion for a doctor while staying in Pekin.

"Sing Loo gleatest doctor," advised his native servant. "He savee my life once."

"Really?" quired the Englishman.

"Yes, me tellible awful," was the reply.

"Me callee in another doctor. He givee me medicine. Me velly, velly bad. Me callee in another doctor. He come and givee me more medicine. Make me velly, velly badder. Me callee in Sing Loo. He no come. He savee my life."

Remind your friends of the prize that is going to be given away at the